Introduction

Construction sector is the world’s largest industrial employer with seven per cent of total world employment and 28 per cent of industrial employment. Construction work is usually a progressive occupation. House construction workers are one of the most vulnerable segments of the unorganised labourers in India. Their work is of temporary nature, the relationship between employer and the employee is temporary, working hours are uncertain. Basic amenities and welfare facilities provided to these workers are inadequate. The construction industry in India is facing a huge shortage of manpower, especially those with skill-sets to sustain the rapid growth in infrastructure and housing sectors.

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